# IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF MISSISSIPPI NORTHERN DIVISION

LARRY BOYKIN PLAINTIFF

V. CASE NO. \_\_ 3:19-cv-257-DCB-JCG

COMPASS GROUP USA, INC.

DEFENDANT

#### COMPLAINT & DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

COMES NOW Plaintiff, LARRY BOYKIN (hereinafter "Plaintiff"), by and through counsel of record, and files this Complaint against his current and/or former employer, Defendant, COMPASS GROUP USA, INC. (referred to as "Defendant"), for unpaid overtime compensation, liquidated damages, declaratory relief and other relief under the Fair Labor Standards Act, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §216(b) (the "FLSA"), and in support thereof states as follows:

## NATURE OF SUIT

1. The FLSA was passed by Congress in 1938. The principal Congressional purpose in enacting the FLSA was to protect all covered workers from substandard wages and oppressive working hours, labor conditions that are detrimental to maintenance of minimum standards of living necessary for health, efficiency, and general well-being of workers. Barrentine v. Arkansas-Best Freight System, Inc., 450 U.S. 728, 739, 101 S.Ct. 1437, 1444 (1981). The liquidated damage provision of the FLSA constitutes a Congressional recognition that failure to pay statutory minimum on time may be so detrimental to maintenance of minimum standard of living necessary for health, efficiency, and general well-being of workers and to the free flow of commerce, that double payment must be made in event of delay in order to insure restoration of worker to that minimum

standard of well-being. *Brooklyn v. Sav. Bank v. O'Neil*, 324 U.S. 697, 707-08, 65 S.Ct. 895, 902 (1945).

2. This action is brought under the FLSA to recover from Defendant overtime compensation, liquidated damages, and reasonable attorney's fees and costs.

## JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 3. Jurisdiction is proper as the claims are brought pursuant to the FLSA to recover unpaid back wages, an additional equal amount as liquidated damages, obtain declaratory relief, and reasonable attorney's fees and costs.
- 4. This Court has jurisdiction over Plaintiff's claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1337 and the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. §216(b).
- 5. Venue is proper in this Court because Plaintiff either worked for Defendant within this District during the relevant time period subject to this Complaint, Defendant maintained a business operation with the District, or because a substantial part of the events and/or omissions giving rise to the claims asserted herein arose in a substantial part within this District.
- 6. The Court has the authority to grant declaratory relief pursuant to the FLSA and the Federal Declaratory Judgment Act ("DJA"), 28 U.S.C. §§2201-02.

# **PARTIES**

- 7. At all times material hereto, Plaintiff was employed by Defendant as an operations manager.
- 8. Defendant is a corporation who provides food and services support on a contract basis for the University of Mississippi Medical Center ("UMMC").
- 9. Defendant conducts business in Hinds County, Mississippi. Specifically for UMMC at 2500 N. State Street Jackson, Mississippi 39216.

## **COVERAGE**

- 10. At all material times hereto (2016 2019), Plaintiff was an "employee" within the meaning of the FLSA.
- 11. At all material times hereto (2016 2019), Defendant was the "employer" of Plaintiff within the meaning of the FLSA.
- 12. At all material times hereto (2016 2019), Plaintiff was "engaged in commerce" within the meaning of §6 and §7 of the FLSA.
- 13. At all material times hereto (2016 2019), Defendant was, and continues to be, an "enterprise engaged in commerce" and an enterprise engaged in the "production of goods for commerce" within the meaning of the FLSA.
- 14. At all material times hereto (2016 2019), Defendant was an enterprise covered by the FLSA, and as defined by 29 U.S.C. § 203(r) and 203(s).
- 15. At all material times hereto (2016 2019) and based upon information and belief, Defendant earned gross revenues of at least Five Hundred Thousand and 0/100 dollars (\$500,000.00) per annum at all material times hereto (2013 2016).
- 16. At all material times hereto (2016 2019), Defendant employed two (2) or more employees engaged in interstate commerce in that said enterprise has had two (2) or more employees engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce, or employees handling, selling, or otherwise working on goods or materials that have been moved in or produced for commerce by any person such as office supplies, building maintenance supplies, tools and equipment, etc.
- 17. At all material times hereto (2016 2019), Plaintiff was "engaged in commerce" and subject to individual coverage under the FLSA in that he:
  - a) Operated instrumentalities of commerce;
  - b) Transported goods in commerce;

- c) Used channels of commerce;
- d) Communicated across state lines; and/or
- e) Performed work essential to any of the preceding activities.
- 18. At all material times hereto (2016 2019), the work performed by Plaintiff was directly essential to the business performed by Defendant.
- 19. At all material times hereto (2016 2019), Defendant failed to comply with 29 U.S.C. §§201-209, because Plaintiff performed services for Defendant for which no provisions were made by Defendant to properly pay Plaintiff for those hours worked in excess of forty (40) within a workweek.
- 20. Defendant and its officers and agencies are responsible under the United States Constitution, federal law, and regulations for the establishment and administration of personnel, employment and compensation policies and practices and for applying to Plaintiff the provisions of the FLSA and other applicable federal pay and compensation statutes and regulations.
- 21. Upon information and belief, a complete set of records, to the extent that any exist, concerning the number of hours worked by Plaintiff and amounts paid to Plaintiff are in the possession, custody and control of Defendant.

## **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

- 22. Plaintiff reincorporates and readopts by reference the above paragraphs as fully set forth herein.
- 23. Defendant operates a company that provides food and support services on a contract basis to their clients.
- 24. Defendant was contracted to provide services to UMMC at 2500 N. State Street in Jackson, Mississippi 39216.

- 25. Plaintiff, Larry Boyd was hired by Defendant to work as an operations manager at UMMC from March 13, 2017 through May 31, 2018.
- 26. Plaintiff was paid a salary of \$40,000.00 per year which Defendant intended to compensate for all hours worked in a work week.
- 27. Despite being titled as an operations manager, Plaintiff was not allowed to exercise any managerial discretion in the execution of his job duties.
- 28. The director, Rodney Gause, would assign Plaintiff manual labor tasks such as unloading trucks, cleaning rooms, operating floor cleaning equipment, handling hazardous materials and taking out the trash.
- 29. Defendant intentionally misclassified Plaintiff as exempt, thereby avoiding any obligation to pay overtime at a rate of time-and-one-half his regular rate of pay.
  - 30. Plaintiff worked well over forty (40) hours per week.
  - 31. Typically, the Plaintiff worked about seventy (70) hours per week.
- 32. Plaintiff averaged thirty (30) overtime hours each week without proper overtime compensation.
- 33. Despite working more than forty (40) hours per week, Defendant failed to pay Plaintiff overtime compensation at a rate of time-and-one-half his regular rate of pay for hours worked over forty (40) in a work week.
- 34. Defendant knowingly, willfully, or with reckless disregard carried out its illegal pattern or practice of failing to pay proper overtime compensation, or even apprise Plaintiff of his right to overtime pay at a rate of time-and-one-half his regular rate of pay.
- 35. Defendant knowingly and willfully failed to fulfill its record keeping requirements with regard to Plaintiff under 29 C.F.R. 516.

36. Defendant did not act in good faith or reliance upon any of the following in formulating its pay practices: (a) case law, (b) the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 201, et seq., (c) Department of Labor Wage & Hour Opinion Letters or (d) the Code of Federal Regulations.

## COUNT I - RECOVERY OF OVERTIME COMPENSATION AGAINST DEFENDANT

- 37. Plaintiff reincorporates and readopts all allegations contained within Paragraphs 1-36 above.
- 38. Plaintiff is entitled to be paid time-and-one-half his regular rate of pay for each hour worked in excess of forty (40) per workweek.
- 39. During his employment with Defendant, Plaintiff regularly worked overtime hours but was not paid proper overtime compensation at time-and-one-half for same.
- 40. Specifically, Defendant misclassified Plaintiff as an exempt employee and paid him a salary for all hours worked in a work week.
- 41. Defendant acted with direct control over the work, pay, and job duties of Plaintiff.
- 42. Defendant supervised and controlled Plaintiff's work schedule and/or conditions of employment.
  - 43. Defendant determined Plaintiff's rate of pay and method of payment.
- 44. In addition, Defendant did not maintain and keep accurate time records as required by the FLSA for Plaintiff.
- 45. Also, Defendant failed to post required FLSA informational listings as required by the FLSA for Plaintiff.
- 46. As a result of Defendant's intentional, willful, and unlawful acts in refusing to pay Plaintiff time-and-one-half his regular rate of pay for each hour worked in excess of forty (40) per work week in one or more work weeks, Plaintiff has suffered damages plus incurring reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

47. As a result of each of the Defendant's willful violation of the FLSA, Plaintiff

is entitled to liquidated damages.

48. Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant, COMPASS GROUP USA,

INC. for the payment of all overtime hours at one-and-one-half times his regular rate of pay

for the hours worked by him for which Defendant did not properly compensate him,

liquidated damages, or if liquidated damages are not awarded then pre-judgment and post-

judgment interest at the highest allowable rate, reasonable attorney's fees and costs

incurred in this action, and any and all further relief that this Court determines to be just

and appropriate.

49. Plaintiff demands a trial by jury.

WHEREFORE, PREMISES CONSIDERED, Plaintiff respectfully requests that

judgment be entered in his favor against Defendant, COMPASS GROUP USA, INC.:

a. Awarding Plaintiff overtime compensation in the amount due to him for

Plaintiff's time worked in excess of forty (40) hours per workweek;

b. Awarding Plaintiff liquidated damages in an amount equal to the

overtime award;

c. Awarding Plaintiff reasonable attorneys' fees and costs and expenses of

the litigation pursuant to 29 U.S.C. §216(b);

d. Awarding Plaintiff pre-judgment interest;

e. Ordering any other further relief the Court deems just and proper.

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff demands trial by jury on all issues so triable as a matter of right by jury.

DATED, this the 12th day of April, 2019.

Respectfully Submitted,

LARRY BOYD, PLAINTIFF

/s/ Christopher W. Espy

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